ACCO® VAC-U-LIFT®

vacuum lifters
product series 1100

installation
operation
maintenance
and parts
manual

SERIAL NUMBER

PAD SEAL RING NUMBER

⚠️ WARNING

This equipment should not be installed, operated or maintained by any person who has not read all the contents of these instructions. Failure to read and comply with the instructions or any one of the limitations noted herein can result in serious bodily injury or death, and/or property damage.

There are no other warranties which extend beyond the description on the Order Acknowledgment and as it may apply to the specifications provided in this publication. THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE EXCLUDED. Acco shall in no event be liable for any special, direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages to anyone beyond the cost of replacement of the goods sold hereby.
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## NOTICE

Manual 70291 covers information in reference to standard models of the VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 Vacuum Lifters. This manual includes instructions and parts information for a variety of vacuum lifters. Therefore, all instructions or parts information may not apply to any one type or size of specific vacuum lifter. Disregard those portions of the manual that do not apply. Manuals for special engineered vacuum lifters will contain additional pages in accordance with product specifications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUBJECT</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IMPORTANT INFORMATION AND WARNINGS</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERIES 1100 VACUUM LIFTER TYPES</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EQUIPMENT/OPERATING PRINCIPLES</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSTALLATION</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPERATION</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSPECTION</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TROUBLE SHOOTING</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POWER PAC EXTERNAL PARTS</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POWER PAC INTERNAL PARTS</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VACUUM PUMP</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTROL VALVE</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FILTER</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## NOTICE

TO ORDER PARTS: Provide part number, part description, quantity required, and Product Number or Serial Number of Vacuum Lifter.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION AND WARNINGS

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️

These general instructions deal with the normal installation, operation, inspection, and maintenance situations encountered with the equipment described herein. The instructions should not be interpreted to anticipate every possible contingency or to anticipate the final lifting system, hoist, crane, or configuration that uses this equipment.

This manual includes instructions and parts information for a variety of vacuum lifters. Therefore, all instructions and parts information may not apply to any one type or size of vacuum lifter. Disregard those portions of the instructions that do not apply.

Record vacuum lifter serial number on the front cover of this manual for identification and future reference to avoid referring to the wrong manual for information or instructions on installation, operation, inspection, maintenance, or parts.

Use only VAC-U-LIFT® authorized replacement parts in the service and maintenance of this equipment.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️

Equipment described herein is not designed for and should not be used for lifting, supporting, or transporting humans.

Equipment described herein should not be used in conjunction with other equipment unless necessary and/or required safety devices applicable to the lifting system, hoist, crane, or application are installed by the system designer, system manufacturer, crane manufacturer, installer, or user.

Modifications to upgrade, rerate, or otherwise alter this equipment shall be authorized only by the original equipment manufacturer or qualified professional engineer.

Equipment described herein may be used in the design and manufacture of cranes, monorail systems, or lifting systems. Additional equipment or devices may be required for the crane, monorail system, or lifting system to comply with applicable design and safety standards. The crane or system designer, crane or system manufacturer, or user is responsible to furnish these additional items for compliance. Refer to ASME B30.20, Safety Standard for Below-the-Hook Lifting Devices. If a hoist is used with this equipment, refer to ASME B30.16, Safety Standard for Overhead Hoists. If a crane is used with this equipment, refer to ASME B30.17, Safety Standard for Top-Running Single-Girder Cranes; ASME B30.2 Safety Standard for Top-Running Double-Girder Cranes; and ASME B30.11 Safety Standard for Underhung Cranes and Monorails.

Hoists, cranes, monorails, and lifting systems used to handle hot molten material may require additional equipment or devices. Refer to ANSI Z241.2, Safety Requirements for Melting and Pouring of Metals in the Metalcasting Industry.

Electrical equipment described herein is designed and built in compliance with Acco Chain & Lifting Products interpretation of ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code. The system designer, system manufacturer, crane designer, crane manufacturer, installer, or user is responsible to assure that the installation and associated wiring of these electrical components is in compliance with ANSI/NFPA 70, and all applicable Federal, State, and Local Codes.

Failure to read and comply with any one of the limitations noted herein can result in serious bodily injury or death, and/or property damage.

⚠️ DANGER ⚠️

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT IN THE CONTROL BOX, OTHER ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS, AND CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THESE COMPONENTS.

Before performing ANY mechanical or electrical maintenance on the equipment, de-energize (disconnect) the main switch supplying power to the equipment; and lock and tag the main switch in the de-energized position. Refer to ANSI Z244.1, Personnel Protection - Lockout/Tagout of Energy Sources.

Only trained and competent personnel should inspect and repair this equipment.
NOTICE

It is the responsibility of the owner/user to install, inspect, test, maintain, and operate a vacuum lifter in accordance with ASME B30.20, Safety Standard for Below-the-Hook Lifting Devices, OSHA Regulations, and ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code. If the vacuum lifter is installed as part of a total lifting system, it is also the responsibility of the owner/user to comply with the applicable ASME B30 volume that addresses other types of equipment used in the system.

It is the responsibility of the owner/user to have all personnel that will install, inspect, test, maintain, and operate a vacuum lifter read the contents of this manual and applicable portions of ASME B30.20, Safety Standard for Below-the-Hook Lifting Devices, OSHA Regulations, and ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code. If the vacuum lifter is installed as part of a total lifting system, the applicable ASME B30 volume that addresses other types of equipment used in the system must also be read by all personnel.

Any ANSI Standards referenced in this manual may be obtained from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, New York 10018.

This manual contains information for safe operation of a vacuum lifter. Taking precedence over any specific rule, however, is the most important rule of all - ”USE COMMON SENSE.” Operation of a vacuum lifter involves more than operating the controls. The operator must consider and anticipate the motions and actions that will occur as a result of operating the controls.

If the vacuum lifter owner/user requires additional information, or if any information in the manual is not clear, contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products, York, Pennsylvania or the distributor of the vacuum lifter. Do not install, inspect, test, maintain, or operate this equipment unless this information is fully understood.

When contacting Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the vacuum lifter, always make reference to the serial number of the equipment.

A regular schedule of inspection of the vacuum lifter in accordance with the requirements of ASME B30.20 should be established and records maintained.

WARNING

Before installing, removing, inspecting, or performing any maintenance on a vacuum lifter, hoist, crane, monorail, or lifting system; the main switch shall be de-energized. Lock and tag the main switch in the de-energized position in accordance with ANSI Z244.1. Follow other maintenance procedures outlined in this manual and applicable ASME B30 volumes.

Additional WARNINGS are listed in various portions of this manual. Personnel shall read and follow these WARNINGS. Failure to read and comply with these WARNINGS as well as other instructions or any limitations noted in this manual and applicable ASME B30 volumes could result in serious bodily injury or death, and/or property damage.

NOTICE

Manual 70291 covers information in reference to standard models of the VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifters. Manuals for special engineered vacuum lifters will contain additional pages in accordance with product specifications.
VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifters are available in a variety of configurations. The basic components assembled into these various configurations include the VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 power pac, load beam, cross arms, and vacuum pads. Refer to Figure 1.
SERIES 1100 VACUUM LIFTER TYPES

VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifters have a maximum rated load capacity of 1100 pounds. Actual rated load capacity, and size limit of load to be handled, of any individual lifter is dependent on the number, size, and style of vacuum pads; size and length of load beam; and number, size, and length of cross arms. Refer to Figure 2. Detailed specifications can be obtained from catalog data or order specifications.

![Diagram of vacuum lifters](image)

**FIGURE 2**

General descriptions of different VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifter components are presented below for information purposes, and to serve as a guide to aid in using the instructions and parts information outlined in this manual. If additional information is required, contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the vacuum lifter.

**VAC-U-LIFT® SERIES 1100 POWER PAC:**

The VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 power pac is the standard model power pac for use in Series 1100 lifters with single or multiple pads. The Series 1100 power pac contains an internal vacuum reserve tank for positive holding of the load being lifted in the event of power failure.

The VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 power pac is equipped with a 3 feet long pigtail power cord with a twist lock connector for 115 volt, single-phase, 60 hertz, AC power supply; two-button control pendant station with a 10 feet long control cord; 1/8 hp oil-less 1.1 cfm vacuum pump; dual purpose, visual indicator vacuum/pressure gauge; and red/green visual indicator lights.

While the standard catalog VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 power pac is furnished for 115 volt, single-phase, 60 hertz, AC power supply; the unit can be furnished for other power supply voltages and phases in accordance with specification requirements using optional transformers to step the voltage down to 115 volt, single-phase.

**VAC-U-LIFT® SERIES 1100 POWER PAC DIMENSIONS:**

General dimensions of the Series 1100 power pac are shown in Figure 3. Headroom figure dimension (distance from top surface of hook opening in power pac bail [lifting eye] to vacuum pad surface) will vary in accordance with pad configuration and pad type. Refer to order specifications for headroom dimension.

Dimensions of the opening in the bail (lifting eye) for suspension of the power pac or lifter from a hoist or crane hook is shown in Figure 3. The bail of the power pac must be compatible with the size of the hoist or crane hook to be used; must be properly seated in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist or crane hook to be used; and must not prevent the hook latch from properly operating to bridge or close the hook throat opening. If the lifter does not properly seat in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist or crane hook to be used to support the lifter, or if the lifter prevents the hook latch from properly operating to bridge or close the hook throat opening; do not use the lifter with this hoist or crane. Contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the vacuum lifter.
WARNING

DO NOT USE A VACUUM LIFTER IF THE LIFTER IS NOT PROPERLY SEATED IN THE BASE, BOWL, OR SADDLE OF THE HOIST OR CRANE HOOK TO BE USED TO SUPPORT THE LIFTER; OR IF THE LIFTER PREVENTS THE HOOK LATCH FROM PROPERLY OPERATING TO BRIDGE OR CLOSE THE HOOK THROAT OPENING.

LOAD BEAM:

Standard load beams are provided with fas-pin connection to the power pac. Cross arms or vacuum pads can be adjusted along the load beam length to match load size requirements. Standard load beam lengths are 4 feet, 6 feet, 8 feet and 10 feet. Longer load beam lengths can be furnished in accordance with specification requirements.

CROSS ARMS:

Cross arms are fixed in a position perpendicular to the load beam. Rotating cross arms are available as an option that can be turned 90° and locked in position on the load beam for reduced load size width. Vacuum pads can be adjusted along the cross arm length to match load size requirements in accordance with predetermined 1 inch increments. Standard cross arm lengths are 3 feet, 4 feet, 5 feet and 6 feet.

VACUUM PADS:

Standard vacuum pads are either rigid mounted or ball-bolt mounted depending on pad size, spring loaded and adjustable along either the load beam or cross arms. Neoprene seal rings are standard. Silicone seal rings are available when specified for operating surface temperatures of 200°F to 500°F. Other seal materials are available for special applications in accordance with specification requirements. Seal rings are supplied with a standard lip unless long lip or sponge is specified.
SERIES 1100 VACUUM LIFTER TYPES

Pad configuration and location is determined by the Acco engineers at the time of purchase in accordance with specification requirements. When more than one pad is used, they are attached by means of a load beam or a load beam and cross arms.

In multiple-pad configurations, vacuum lines connect all pads to the power pac unit. Hand-operated slide-type shut-off valves are standard when the application requires certain pads to be disconnected from the vacuum circuit.

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES:

Numerous standard optional accessories are available, when requested or specified, for VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifters. These optional accessories include the following:

- Transformer for AC voltages other than 115.
- Longer control pendant station cord lengths.
- Multiple-button control pendant station for controlling the vacuum lifter and hoist or hoist and crane.
- Coil cord kits to supply power from hoist or hoist and crane to hook complete with twist-lock connections to 1100 unit.
- Hose assemblies for using single- or multiple-pads with remote power unit.
- Hand-operated lever-type shut-off valves to allow certain pads to be disconnected from the vacuum circuit.
- Guide handle bar for positioning lifter.
- Auxiliary red/green visual indicator lights.
- Low vacuum warning device.
- Load beam support leg for storing lifter that keeps lifter from being supported on the vacuum pads.
- Special length load beam or cross arms.
- Rotating cross arms.
- Vacuum pad seal ring material.
- Water trap.

In addition to the standard optional accessories available for VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifters; Acco designs and manufactures engineered vacuum lifters in accordance with application and specification requirements. Manuals for special engineered vacuum lifters will contain additional pages in accordance with product specifications.
Vacuum lifting is accomplished by setting a vacuum pad or pads on the surface of the material or load to be lifted and handled. Air is then withdrawn from the area between the pad and the surface of the load. The pressure differential between atmospheric pressure outside the pad and the partial vacuum created inside the area covered by the pad binds both pad and load together. Pad capacity is directly proportional to the square inch area covered by the pad and the pressure differential created.

There are three important factors that govern successful vacuum attachment.

- **Effective seal.**
- **Load distribution.**
- **Weight-to-area ratio.**

**Effective Seal:** The vacuum pad seal ring will not seal well if; the material of the load is too porous; the surface of the load is uneven or pebbly causing leakage; the surface temperature of the load is too high for the seal ring material causing melting and damage to the seal ring; or the lip of the seal ring is worn or damaged causing leakage.

**Load Distribution:** Thin, flexible material having excessive deflection by its own weight may peel away from the pad. An improved balanced lift can be achieved by the use of a load bar and cross arms. Standard vacuum pads are ball-bolt mounted to the load beam or cross arm allowing the pad to tilt a maximum of 7½° in any direction from horizontal. This produces a gimbal effect that reduces bending stresses in the pad attachment.

**Weight-to-Area Ratio:** The surface of the material to be handled must be large enough for a pad or pads to attach that have sufficient pad lifting capacity for the weight of the load to be handled.

The VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 vacuum lifter is attached to the surface of the load to be lifted by creating a partial vacuum over the area covered by the pads. The system used to create and control the vacuum is shown in Figure 4. The electrical control circuit is shown in Figure 5.

![Diagram](image_url)

**FIGURE 4**
OPERATING PRINCIPLES - SERIES 1100:
Refer to Figures 4 and 5.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️

THE 1100 POWER PAC SHOULD NOT BE STOPPED AND RESTARTED WITH ANY VACUUM ON THE SYSTEM GREATER THAN 2" HG. ATTEMPTING TO RESTART UNDER VACUUM CONDITION GREATER THAN 2" HG WILL CAUSE THE MOTOR TO STALL, RESULTING IN EXCESSIVE MOTOR HEATING, EVENTUALLY BLOWING THE FUSE ON THE UNIT OR POTENTIALLY DAMAGING THE PUMP DIAPHRAGM.

When the "ON/OFF" switch on the power pac control panel is in the "ON" position, and the "RELEASE/VACUUM" selector switch on the control pendant station is in the "VACUUM" position; the control solenoid valve is de-energized and the vacuum pump runs (operates) to evacuate air from the pads through the filter, and the check valve.

⚠️ NOTICE ⚠️

THE "RELEASE/VACUUM" SELECTOR SWITCH MUST BE KEPT IN THE "VACUUM" POSITION ONCE THE LOAD IS ATTACHED UNTIL THE LOAD HAS BEEN HANDLED, POSITIONED AND LANDED. RESTARTING THE PUMP UNDER FULL VACUUM WILL DAMAGE THE PUMP.
EQUIPMENT/OPERATING PRINCIPLES

The pump vents the air to the atmosphere through the muffler. The check valve prevents air from re-entering the pads should the vacuum pump stop.

At the same time that air is evacuated from the pads, air is also drawn from the vacuum reserve tank. If the power is interrupted, the vacuum in the pads is maintained for a period of several minutes. If power is not restored, this allows the load to be lowered and released from the pads before the vacuum is lost and the load is released and falls from the pads. If the load cannot be lowered because of a total power failure of the entire lifting system, other supporting means should be placed under the load to prevent it from falling from the pads when the vacuum reserve is depleted.

To release the vacuum pads from the load after it has been handled, positioned, and landed; the “RELEASE/VACUUM” selector switch on the control pendant station is switched from the “VACUUM” position to the “RELEASE” position, stopping the vacuum pump motor; then the “RELEASE” button on the control pendant station is depressed and held. This will energize the vacuum control solenoid valve that connects the pad vacuum line to atmosphere, releasing the vacuum and allowing removal of the pads from the load.

VACUUM SYSTEM - SERIES 1100:

Vacuum Pump: The vacuum pump is a diaphragm, oil-less pump designed for continuous duty under full vacuum in ambient temperatures of 32°F to 100°F. For operation in other ambient temperatures, contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products.

NOTICE

DO NOT RESTART PUMP UNDER FULL VACUUM.
DO NOT LUBRICATE THE PUMP.

Routine maintenance and cleaning of the filter will prolong life. Refer to the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR section of this manual.

Two-way Control Valve: The vacuum to the pad(s) is controlled by a two-way solenoid valve. The valve is in the “VACUUM” position when the solenoid is de-energized. In the “VACUUM” position, the valve allows vacuum from the pump and vacuum reserve tank to enter the vacuum pad(s). The valve is energized by the combination of the “RELEASE/VACUUM” selector switch in the “RELEASE” position and pressing and holding the “RELEASE” button on the control pendant station. In the “RELEASE” position, the valve is open to the atmosphere and vacuum is not retained in the vacuum reserve tank.

Check Valve: One check valve is used in the vacuum system. It is located between the vacuum pump intake port and the filter. It is installed to permit air to be pumped from the vacuum line system, but to prevent air from entering the system when the vacuum pump is not operating.

Filter and Muffler: A filter is located in the vacuum line between the pads and the vacuum pump to prevent dirt and foreign matter from entering the vacuum pump. The muffler reduces the noise of the vacuum pump exhaust during the “VACUUM” cycle.

The filter must be maintained in a clean condition for maximum vacuum system efficiency and prolonged vacuum pump life. Refer to the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR section of this manual.

Three-way, Hand-operated, Slide-type Shut-off Valves: Hand operated valves, located on or near each vacuum pad, are provided to shut off certain pads from the vacuum circuit. Normally, the valve is a three-way type to allow the pad to be connected to either the vacuum system or an open port. This feature provides an escape for the slight vacuum formed in the pad when it is lowered onto the material and prevents the unused pad or pads from sticking to the load during the release cycle.

Toggle Switch: One toggle-type “ON/OFF” switch is mounted on the power pac control panel that turns the power pac unit on and off.

Fuse: One fuse is located in the electrical circuit. The fuse is a 10 amp dual-element, slow-blow type that protects the vacuum pump motor and control circuit.

Vacuum Gauge, Indicator Lights, and Vacuum Switch: A vacuum gauge and a pair of indicator lights are mounted on the power pac control panel to indicate vacuum level. The vacuum gauge serves as a diagnostic device during testing and maintenance of the unit, and provides a means of checking vacuum level during a power failure.
The red and green visual indicator lights mounted on the power pac control panel are actuated by a vacuum switch connected to the vacuum line. When the vacuum level reaches 21" Hg, the vacuum switch de-energizes the red light and energizes the green light to indicate that sufficient vacuum has developed for lifting purposes. Optional, auxiliary red/green visual indicator lights are available for remote mounting, and will operate in the same manner as the indicator lights mounted on the power pac control panel.

The vacuum switch, shown in Figure 6, may be adjusted, if necessary, to switch the lights at the correct vacuum level. Adjustment is made by turning the nut indicated in Figure 6.

**CAUTION**

Prior to adjusting the vacuum switch, remove the vacuum filter element. A partially plugged filter will cause the gauge to indicate a higher vacuum level than that at the vacuum switch. If the vacuum switch is adjusted under this condition, the switch will trip at a level that is not of sufficient capacity to lift a load.
INSTALLATION

PRIOR TO INSTALLING VACUUM LIFTER:

1. Read and observe the instructions and warnings contained in this manual. Read and observe any instructions and warning tags attached to the lifter.

2. Check for any damage to the lifter during shipment. If any damage has occurred, place a claim with the carrier. DO NOT install or use a damaged lifter.

**NOTICE**

DO NOT STORE THE VAC-U-LIFT® VACUUM LIFTER BY ALLOWING IT TO REST ON THE VACUUM PAD SEALS AS THIS COULD DAMAGE AND SHORTEN THE LIFE OF THE VACUUM PAD SEAL RINGS. STORE THE VACUUM LIFTER BY SUPPORTING THE LOAD BEAM OR LIFTING YOKE SO THAT VACUUM PADS ARE FREELY SUSPENDED.

3. Check that the crane, hoist, monorail, or other supporting structure where the lifter will be installed has a load rating capable to handle loads equal to the sum of the rated load capacity of the lifter and the weight of the lifter.

4. If lifter is to be installed on an existing crane or hoist, the crane or hoist should be run to a location where it will cause the least interference with other cranes or hoists and operations in the area; and all controllers placed in the off position.

5. Warning signs and barriers shall be utilized on the floor beneath the crane, hoist, or area where the lifter will be installed.

**DANGER**

6. THE MAIN SWITCH (DISCONNECT) SUPPLYING POWER TO THE CRANE, HOIST, MONORAIL, OR OTHER PIECE OF EQUIPMENT WHERE THE LIFTER IS TO BE INSTALLED, SHALL BE DE-ENERGIZED. LOCK AND TAG THE MAIN SWITCH IN THE DE-ENERGIZED POSITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI Z244.1.

7. If the lifter is to be installed on an existing crane, and the crane runway remains energized because of other cranes operating on the same runway; stops or a signal person(s), located full-time at a visual vantage point for observing the approach of an active crane(s), shall be provided to prohibit contact by the active crane(s) with the idle crane.

8. If personnel will be required to work on the runway during installation, a guard or barrier shall be installed between adjacent runways for the length of the established work area to prevent contact between persons performing installation and a crane on the adjacent runway.

9. If personnel are required to work at elevations in excess of 6 feet above floor or ground level, a fall prevention policy and procedure shall be developed, documented, and implemented prior to installation being started.

10. Check power supply that will be furnished to the lifter. It must be the same as shown on the lifter serial plate. While the standard catalog VAC-U-LIFT® Series 1100 power pac is furnished for 115 volt, single-phase, 60 hertz, AC power supply; the unit can be furnished for other power supply voltages and phases in accordance with specification requirements. If the power supply that will be furnished to the lifter is not the same as shown on the lifter serial plate; DO NOT INSTALL. Contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the lifter.

11. Conductors supplying power to the lifter and associated equipment must be sized to maintain the operating voltage at the lifter at plus or minus 10% of the nominal operating voltage at all times.

12. Conductors supplying power to the lifter and associated equipment must be protected against short circuit and overcurrent conditions in compliance with ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code. These requirements are listed in Article 610 and are the responsibility of the owner/user. It is also the responsibility of the owner/user to insure that all protective devices and associated wiring comply with applicable Federal, State, and Local Codes.
INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️

IF THE VACUUM LIFTER WAS PURCHASED WITHOUT A PENDANT CONTROL BECAUSE A PENDANT CONTROL WILL BE FURNISHED BY OTHERS: ONLY SELECTOR SWITCHES AND PUSHBUTTONS WITH THE SAME FUNCTIONALITY AS THOSE SUPPLIED AS STANDARD SHOULD BE USED. THE STANDARD CONTROL LOGIC AND WIRING SHOULD BE USED TO PREVENT INADVERTENT RELEASE OF THE VACUUM SYSTEM.

INSTALLING VACUUM LIFTER:

1. Every VAC-U-LIFT® vacuum lifter is fully assembled at the factory prior to shipment. Some lifters are disassembled to facilitate shipment, but the original assembly assures that all parts fit and that the lifter is complete. If assembly is required, refer to Figure 7 and assemble the lifter as follows:

FIGURE 7
INSTALLATION

If cross arms are included in the lifter configuration:

a. Attach the load beam to the power pac by means of the fas-pin.

b. Remove end stop assembly from both ends of load beam. Slide cross arm assemblies onto the load beam. Locate desired position of cross arm assemblies on load beam and lock in position by means of the clamping hand knob. Reinstall end stop assembly on both ends of load beam. Attach vacuum lines to the cross arms.

c. Slide vacuum pad and slide mount assemblies onto cross arms as required. Locate vacuum pad and slide mount assemblies on cross arms in accordance with predetermined 1 inch increments in cross arms and fasten into place by means of the fas-pin. Attach vacuum lines to the vacuum pads.

If vacuum pads are mounted directly to the load beam:

a. Attach the load beam to the power pac by means of the fas-pin.

b. Remove end stop assembly from both ends of load beam. Slide vacuum pad and slide mount assemblies onto the load beam. Locate desired position of vacuum pad and slide mount assemblies on load beam and lock in position by means of the clamping hand knob. Reinstall end stop assembly on both ends of load beam. Attach vacuum lines to the vacuum pads.

2. Attach the lifter to the hook of the hoist or crane to be used with the lifter. Dimensions of the opening in the bail (lifting eye) for suspension of the power pac or lifter from a hoist or crane hook is shown in Figure 3. The bail of the power pac must be compatible with the size of the hoist or crane hook to be used; must be properly seated in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist or crane hook to be used; and must not prevent the hook latch from properly operating to bridge or close the hook throat opening. If the lifter does not properly seat in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist or crane hook to be used, or if the lifter prevents the hook latch from properly operating to bridge or close the hook throat opening, do not use the lifter with this hoist or crane. Contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the vacuum lifter.

⚠️ WARNING

DO NOT USE A VACUUM LIFTER IF THE LIFTER IS NOT PROPERLY SEATED IN THE BASE, BOWL, OR SADDLE OF THE HOIST OR CRANE HOOK TO BE USED TO SUPPORT THE LIFTER; OR IF THE LIFTER PREVENTS THE HOOK LATCH FROM PROPERLY OPERATING TO BRIDGE OR CLOSE THE HOOK THROAT OPENING.

3. Lifter and hoist or crane load block must hang straight and directly under the hoist drum. Hoist wire rope must be free of kinks or twists or any other damage that has distorted the rope structure.

4. If length of pendant control cable is too long, it may be shortened only under the following conditions:

a. Only a qualified electrician should perform this work.

b. If lifter is connected to the main power supply, de-energize, lock, and tag the main switch (disconnect) in accordance with step 6 of "PRIOR TO INSTALLING VACUUM LIFTER" instructions.

c. Shorten cable at the lifter end. DO NOT disturb connections inside the pendant station.

d. Check that all wires shortened are reconnected the same as originally connected. Refer to electrical wiring diagram located inside control enclosure.

5. If length of pendant control cable is too short, it must be replaced. Never lengthen pendant control cable by splicing two cable lengths together. Replace cable only under the following conditions:

a. Only a qualified electrician should perform this work.

b. If lifter is connected to the main power supply, de-energize, lock, and tag the main switch (disconnect) in accordance with step 6 of "PRIOR TO INSTALLING VACUUM LIFTER" instructions.

c. Remove pendant control cable. Install new pendant control cable and make connections inside the power pac and pendant station.

d. Check that all wires are connected the same as originally connected. Refer to electrical wiring diagram located inside control enclosure.
INSTALLATION

CONNECTING POWER SUPPLY TO VACUUM LIFTER:

**DANGER**

1. DISCONNECT POWER AND LOCKOUT DISCONNECTING MEANS BEFORE CONNECTING POWER SUPPLY TO LIFTER.

2. Only a qualified electrician should connect the power supply to the lifter.

3. Check power supply that will be furnished to the lifter. It must be the same as shown on the lifter serial number plate. If the power supply that will be connected to the lifter is not the same as shown on the lifter serial number plate, DO NOT connect power supply to lifter. Contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the lifter.

4. Make all electrical connections in accordance with wiring diagram located inside control enclosure.

BEFORE OPERATING VACUUM LIFTER:

1. Before energizing the power supply, and inspecting and testing the lifter prior to initial operational use, check that all electrical connections are in accordance with the wiring diagram located inside control enclosure.

2. ASME B30.20 requires that all new, altered, or modified lifters be inspected by a designated person prior to initial use to verify that the equipment and installation comply with applicable provisions of the standard. Such an inspection should be performed at this time, using ASME B30.20 as the basis for inspection procedures.

3. Energize the power supply to the hoist.

4. Operate the hoist or crane without a load on the lifter to check that the lifter properly seats in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist or crane hook; and that the hook latch properly operates to bridge or close the hook throat opening. If the lifter does not properly seat in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist or crane hook, or the lifter prevents the hook latch from bridging or closing the hook throat opening; do not use the lifter with this hoist or crane. Contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the vacuum lifter.

5. Operate the hoist without a load on the lifter through the entire lifting range to check that limit switches function properly and that lifter does not strike or interfere with any part of the hoist or crane, or any other items or pieces of equipment located in the operating area. If any interference occurs or the lifter strikes any part of the hoist or crane, the limit switches must be adjusted. Refer to the manual furnished with the hoist or crane for instructions on limit switch adjustment.

**WARNING**

NEVER OPERATE A LIFTER ON A HOIST OR CRANE WITHOUT THE PROTECTION OF PROPERLY FUNCTIONING LIMIT SWITCHES.

6. Lifter is now ready to be load tested.

VACUUM LIFTER LOAD TEST:

1. Complete lifters are operational tested by Acco in accordance with ASME B30.20.

2. Complete lifters must be load tested in accordance with ASME B30.20. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/user to load test the lifter or final lifting system in accordance with ASME B30.20. Refer to the TEST section of this manual.

3. Complete lifters must be PROOF LOAD TESTED in accordance with the TEST section of this manual. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/user to PROOF LOAD TEST the lifter or final lifting system in accordance with the TEST section of this manual. Refer to the TEST section of this manual.

4. All personnel that will operate the lifter shall read the OPERATION section of this manual, the WARNINGS contained in this manual, and instruction and WARNING labels on the lifter before operating the lifter or lifting system.
Operation of a vacuum lifting device usually includes the operation of a crane and/or an overhead hoist. Information in this section addresses the vacuum lifting device. Some information is furnished that addresses the crane and/or hoist; however, the operation section of the manuals furnished with the crane and/or hoist must be reviewed for specific operation procedures that apply to the crane and/or hoist.

Operation of an overhead hoist, crane, and vacuum lifting device involves more than activating the buttons or levers of the hoist and crane control devices, or the control devices of the vacuum lifter. It is emphasized in the ASME B30 Standards that the use of overhead hoists and cranes are subject to certain hazards that cannot be met by mechanical means, but only by the exercise of intelligence, care, common sense, and experience in anticipating the motions that will occur as a result of activating the hoist or crane controls. Certain precautions are necessary before moving the load and this includes the proper rigging of loads to the hoist hook.

**WARNING**


**CRANE, HOIST, AND VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE OPERATORS SHOULD BE TRAINED IN PROPER RIGGING PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE ATTACHMENT OF LOADS TO THE HOIST HOOK.**

**CRANE, HOIST, AND VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE OPERATORS SHOULD BE AWARE OF POTENTIAL MALFUNCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THAT REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT OR REPAIR, AND TO BE INSTRUCTED TO STOP OPERATION IF SUCH MALFUNCTIONS OCCUR, AND TO IMMEDIATELY ADVISE THEIR SUPERVISOR SO CORRECTIVE ACTION CAN BE TAKEN.**

**CRANE, HOIST, AND VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE OPERATORS SHOULD HAVE NORMAL DEPTH PERCEPTION, FIELD OF VISION, REACTION TIME, MANUAL DEXTERITY, AND COORDINATION.**

**CRANE, HOIST, AND VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE OPERATORS SHOULD NOT BE SUBJECT TO SEIZURES, LOSS OF PHYSICAL CONTROL, PHYSICAL DEFECTS, OR EMOTIONAL INSTABILITY THAT COULD RESULT IN ACTIONS OF THE OPERATOR BEING A HAZARD TO THE OPERATOR OR OTHERS.**

**CRANE, HOIST, AND VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE OPERATORS SHOULD NOT OPERATE A CRANE, HOIST, VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, OR LIFTING SYSTEM WHEN UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, DRUGS, OR MEDICATION.**

**CRANES, OVERHEAD HOISTS, AND VACUUM LIFTING DEVICES ARE INTENDED ONLY FOR VERTICAL LIFTING SERVICE OF FREELY SUSPENDED UNGUIDED LOADS. DO NOT USE VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, CRANE OR HOIST FOR LOADS THAT ARE NOT LIFTED VERTICALLY, LOADS THAT ARE NOT FREELY SUSPENDED, OR LOADS THAT ARE GUIDED. IF SUCH CONDITIONS EXIST, CONTACT ACCO CHAIN & LIFTING PRODUCTS.**

**OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS - VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE:**

1. Position the vacuum pads over the load so that the pads will support the load evenly. Lower the vacuum lifter onto the material to be lifted.

2. On multiple-pad lifting devices, each pad is equipped with a hand-operated shut-off valve. BE CERTAIN to open the valves on the pads required to lift the load.

3. Put the "ON/OFF" switch on the power pac control panel in the "ON" position. The red indicator light will come on.

4. Turn the "RELEASE/VACUUM" selector switch on the control pendant station to the "VACUUM" position. The motor and pump will start running. The vacuum gauge on the control panel will indicate the system vacuum level in inches of mercury (Hg). The gauge reading will begin to rise.
At 21°F Hg, the red indicator light will go out and the green indicator light will come on. When the green light comes on, the load may be lifted and moved. The motor and pump will continue to run and the vacuum gauge will continue to rise until it reaches 23°F Hg or more.

**CAUTION**

**DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LIFT THE LOAD IF THE GREEN LAMP DOES NOT COME ON EVEN IF THE VACUUM GAUGE INDICATES THAT AN ADEQUATE VACUUM LEVEL HAS BEEN REACHED. THE LIGHTS ARE A MORE RELIABLE INDICATION OF SUFFICIENT VACUUM THAN THE GAUGE.**

5. When the load has been moved and lowered to its new position, first turn the “RELEASE/VACUUM” selector switch to the “RELEASE” position, then press and hold the “RELEASE” button on the control pendant station. The vacuum will be released and the red indicator light will come on. This indicates the vacuum lifting device is ready to be raised and repositioned for the next lift.

**NOTICE**

**IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO HOLD THE “RELEASE” BUTTON AS LIFTER IS RAISED FROM THE LOAD JUST RELEASED TO ENSURE COMPLETE RELEASE OF THE PAD(S) FROM THE LOAD.**

6. The “ON/OFF” switch on the power pac control panel should be left in the “ON” position until the end of the shift or until use of the vacuum lifting device is completed. At the end of the shift or when use of the vacuum lifting device is completed, the “ON/OFF” switch on the power pac control panel should be placed in the “OFF” position.

**CAUTION**

**THE 1100 POWER PAC SHOULD NOT BE STOPPED AND RESTARTED WITH ANY VACUUM ON THE SYSTEM GREATER THAN 2°F Hg. ATTEMPTING TO RESTART UNDER VACUUM CONDITION GREATER THAN 2°F Hg WILL CAUSE THE MOTOR TO STALL, RESULTING IN EXCESSIVE MOTOR HEATING, EVENTUALLY BLOWING THE FUSE ON THE UNIT OR POTENTIALLY DAMAGING THE PUMP DIAPHRAGM.**

**WARNING**

**IN CASE OF POWER FAILURE, ANY LOAD SHOULD BE LOWERED AND RELEASED FROM THE PADS. IF THE LOAD CANNOT BE LOWERED BECAUSE OF A TOTAL POWER FAILURE OF THE ENTIRE LIFTING SYSTEM, OTHER SUPPORTING MEANS SHOULD BE PLACED UNDER THE LOAD TO PREVENT IT FROM FALLING FROM THE PADS WHEN THE VACUUM RESERVE IS DEPLETED. WHEN POWER IS RESTORED, LOWER THE LOAD BY MEANS OF THE HOIST OR CRANE AND TURN SELECTOR SWITCH TO “RELEASE” PRIOR TO RESTARTING POWER PAC.**

7. Conduct a PROOF LOAD TEST daily. Refer to the TEST section of this manual.

**CAUTION**

**A PROOF LOAD TEST MUST BE CONDUCTED DAILY TO VERIFY THAT THE VAC-U-LIFT® UNIT IS OPERATING PROPERLY. IN EFFECT, THE TEST SIMULATES AN EQUIPMENT FAILURE, EITHER ELECTRICAL OR MECHANICAL, SO THAT PERFORMANCE OF THE VACUUM SYSTEM CAN BE CHECKED.**
OPERATION

BEFORE EACH SHIFT OR BEFORE THE FIRST TIME THE HOIST, CRANE, OR VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE IS TO BE USED EACH SHIFT:

THE OPERATOR:

SHALL visually inspect wire rope for broken wires, broken strands, kinks, and any type of deformation or damage of the rope structure.

SHALL visually inspect hooks for nicks, gouges, deformation of the throat opening, wear on saddle or load bearing point, and twisting.

SHALL visually inspect hook latches for proper operation or damage that does not allow proper operation.

SHALL replace warning label or labels if missing or illegible.

SHALL report any damage or malfunctions to the supervisor.

SHALL NOT operate vacuum lifter, crane, or hoist if any damage or malfunctions exist.

SHALL NOT operate vacuum lifter, crane, or hoist if it is tagged with an out-of-order sign.

SHALL conduct a PROOF LOAD TEST of the vacuum lifting device.

BEFORE OPERATING THE HOIST, CRANE, OR VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, AND APPLYING THE LOAD:

THE OPERATOR:

SHALL be familiar with all operating controls of the vacuum lifting device, crane, and/or hoist.

SHALL be familiar with the OPERATION Section of this manual, the WARNINGS contained in this manual, instructions and WARNING labels on the vacuum lifting device, crane and/or hoist or lifting system, the OPERATION section of the manual furnished with the crane and/or hoist, and the OPERATION Sections of ASME B30.2, ASME B30.11 or ASME B30.17, as applicable; ASME B30.16; and ASME B30.20.

SHALL be instructed in the operation or operations to be performed.

SHALL NOT operate vacuum lifting device, crane, or hoist if any damage or malfunctions exist; and SHALL report any damage or malfunctions to the supervisor.

SHALL NOT operate vacuum lifting device, crane, or hoist if it is tagged with an out-of-order sign.

SHALL center vacuum lifting device, crane and/or hoist over load.

SHALL NOT use the hoist wire rope as a sling to wrap around the load.

SHALL attach the load to the hoist hook by means of the vacuum lifting device.

SHALL only lift loads by the vacuum lifting device that do not exceed the rated load capacity of the vacuum lifting device.

SHALL only attach loads to the hoist hook that do not exceed the rated load capacity of the crane, hoist, or lifting system.

SHALL verify that the size of the attachment of the vacuum lifting device is compatible with the size of the hoist hook.

SHALL verify that the attachment part of the vacuum lifting device is properly seated in the base, bowl, or saddle of the hoist hook.

SHALL verify that the hook latch operates properly and that the hook latch properly bridges and closes the hook throat opening.

SHALL verify that the latch of the hoist hook will not support any part of the vacuum lifting device or load.

SHALL verify that the load or any part of the load will not be applied to and/or not supported by the tip or point of the hook.

SHALL verify that load will be properly balanced when it is lifted.

SHALL verify that side loads will not be applied to the crane, and/or hoist when the load is lifted.

SHALL verify that hoist wire rope is not kinked or twisted, and that wire rope parts are not twisted about each other.

SHALL verify that hoist wire rope is properly seated in the drum grooves and sheaves.
OPERATION

SHALL verify position of the vacuum pads over the load so that the pads will support the load evenly.
SHALL verify that the temperature of the load does not exceed the allowable limits of the vacuum lifter.
SHALL verify that the surface of the load subject to vacuum pad contact is clean and free of loose particles.
SHALL verify that the vacuum level indicator has reached the required level before lifting the load.
SHALL notify personnel in the area that a load will be lifted and verify that all personnel are clear of the load.
SHALL verify that when the load is lifted, it will clear all material, machinery, or other obstructions in the area.
SHALL perform an every lift inspection as outlined in ASME B30.20 and the INSPECTION section of this manual.

WHILE OPERATING THE HOIST, CRANE, OR VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, AND MOVING THE LOAD:

THE OPERATOR:

⚠️ WARNING

IN CASE OF POWER FAILURE, ANY LOAD SHOULD BE LOWERED AND RELEASED FROM THE PADS. IF THE LOAD CANNOT BE LOWERED BECAUSE OF A TOTAL POWER FAILURE OF THE ENTIRE LIFTING SYSTEM, OTHER SUPPORTING MEANS SHOULD BE PLACED UNDER THE LOAD TO PREVENT IT FROM FALLING FROM THE PADS WHEN THE VACUUM RESERVE IS DEPLETED. WHEN POWER IS RESTORED, LOWER THE LOAD BY MEANS OF THE HOIST OR CRANE AND TURN SELECTOR SWITCH TO "RELEASE" PRIOR TO RESTARTING POWER PAC.

SHALL NOT stop and restart vacuum pump under full vacuum.
SHALL NOT engage in any activity that will divert the attention of the operator.
SHALL NOT lift, lower, or transport a load with the vacuum lifting device, crane, and/or hoist until the operator and all other personnel are clear of the load and the path of the load.
SHALL verify that the load, vacuum lifting device, crane, and/or hoist will clear all obstacles before moving or rotating the load.
SHALL avoid moving loads over personnel.
SHALL NOT lift, lower, or transport personnel by means of the vacuum lifting device, crane, hoist, trolley, hoist hook, or load.
SHALL slowly inch the hoist hook into engagement with the vacuum lifting device attachment to eliminate wire rope slack and reduce impact loading of the crane or hoist.
SHALL avoid unnecessary inching and quick reversals of direction.
SHALL only lift the load a few inches to verify that the load is properly balanced before continuing with the lift.
SHALL only lift the load a few inches to verify that the hoist braking system is functioning properly before continuing with the lift.
SHALL only traverse the load a few inches to verify that the crane or trolley braking system is functioning properly before continuing with travel.
SHALL avoid swinging of the vacuum lifting device, load, or hoist hook when the crane and/or hoist is traveling.
SHALL avoid sharp contact between trolleys or between trolleys and stops.
SHALL avoid sharp contact between cranes or between cranes and stops.
SHALL NOT use hoist limit switches or devices as a normal means of stopping the hoist.
SHALL NOT lower the load beyond the point where less than two wraps of wire rope remain at each anchorage on the drum, unless a lower limit device is provided, in which case no less than one wrap of wire rope shall remain at each anchorage on the drum.
OPERATION

PARKING THE LOAD:

THE OPERATOR:

SHALL NOT lower a load with the hoist until the operator and all other personnel are clear of the load and the path of the load.

SHALL verify that the load will clear all obstacles before lowering the load.

SHALL block loads before landing if slings or other lifting devices must be removed from under the landed load.

SHALL exercise care when removing a sling from under a landed and blocked load.

SHALL NOT leave a suspended load unattended unless specific precautions to prevent the load from inadvertent lowering have been instituted and are in place.

SHALL position the hoist load block and hook above head level for storage when the hoist is not in use.

GENERAL:

THE OPERATOR:

SHALL know hand signals used for hoist and crane operations if a signalperson is used in the operation, and accept signals of only persons authorized to give hand signals EXCEPT to obey a stop signal regardless who gives it.

SHALL NOT adjust or repair a vacuum lifting device, crane, or hoist unless qualified and authorized to perform maintenance.

SHALL NOT use a hoist load limiting device as a means to measure the load.

GENERAL DO’S AND DO NOT’S:

DO NOT stop and restart vacuum pump under full vacuum.

DO establish a regular inspection schedule and maintain a record of all inspections performed with special attention directed to wire ropes, hooks, and brakes.

DO remove the vacuum lifting device, crane and/or hoist from service to perform necessary maintenance and repair.

DO follow recommended maintenance procedures for taking a vacuum lifting device, crane, or hoist out of service to inspect and perform maintenance and repair.

DO use the original vacuum lifting device, crane, and hoist manufacturer’s recommended parts when repairing a vacuum lifting device, crane, or hoist and replacing worn or damaged parts.

DO NOT allow unqualified or unauthorized personnel to operate, inspect, maintain, or repair a vacuum lifting device, crane, or hoist.

DO NOT operate a crane and/or hoist that is damaged or has any actual or suspected mechanical or electrical malfunction.

DO NOT attempt to lengthen wire rope or repair damaged wire rope.

DO NOT use the wire rope, any part of the monorail, vacuum lifter, crane, hoist, or the load block and hook as a ground for welding.

DO NOT allow a welding electrode to be touched to the wire rope.

DO NOT remove or obscure any warnings or warning labels on the vacuum lifting device, crane, hoist, or lifting system.

DO NOT store the VAC-U-LIFT® vacuum lifter by allowing it to rest on the vacuum pad seals as this could damage and shorten the life of the vacuum pad seal rings.

DO store the vacuum lifter by supporting the load beam or lifting yoke so that vacuum pads are freely suspended.

DO NOT walk under a suspended load.

DO NOT perform ANY work on a suspended load that requires a worker to be positioned under the suspended load.

⚠️ WARNING

DO NOT WALK UNDER A SUSPENDED LOAD.

DO NOT PERFORM ANY WORK ON A SUSPENDED LOAD THAT REQUIRES A WORKER TO BE POSITIONED UNDER THE SUSPENDED LOAD.

IF IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT A WORKER BE POSITIONED UNDER A SUSPENDED LOAD TO PERFORM WORK ON THE SUSPENDED LOAD; SUCH WORK SHALL NOT BE STARTED OR PERFORMED UNTIL OTHER AUXILIARY SUPPORTING MEANS ARE PLACED UNDER THE SUSPENDED LOAD. FAILURE TO USE OTHER AUXILIARY SUPPORTING MEANS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR DEATH, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.
MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Vacuum lifting devices shall be maintained, inspected, and tested in accordance with the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR, INSPECTION, and TEST sections of this manual and in accordance with the intervals and requirements of ASME B30.20. Hoists shall be maintained, inspected, and tested in accordance with the manual furnished by the hoist manufacturer and in accordance with the intervals and requirements of ASME B30.16. Underhung cranes shall be maintained, inspected, and tested in accordance with the manual furnished by the crane manufacturer and in accordance with the intervals and requirements of ASME B30.11. Top-running single-girder cranes shall be maintained, inspected, and tested in accordance with the manual furnished by the crane manufacturer and in accordance with the intervals and requirements of ASME B30.17. Top-running double-girder cranes shall be maintained, inspected, and tested in accordance with the manual furnished by the crane manufacturer and in accordance with the intervals and requirements of ASME B30.2. Monorails shall be maintained, inspected, and tested in accordance with the manual furnished by the monorail manufacturer and in accordance with the intervals and requirements of ASME B30.11.

Before maintenance or inspections are performed on a vacuum lifting device, hoist, trolley, crane, crane runway, monorail, or monorail support, or crane runway or monorail conductors, the following precautions shall be taken as applicable.

1. The vacuum lifting device, hoist, trolley, or crane to be inspected, tested, or repaired shall be run to a location where it will cause the least interference with other hoists, cranes, and operations in the area.

2. If a load is attached to the vacuum lifting device, crane or hoist, it shall be landed.

3. All controllers shall be placed in the off position.

4. If a trolley hoist is installed on the crane or monorail, the trolley shall be blocked to prevent trolley movement.

5. The crane shall be blocked to prevent crane movement.

DANGER

6. HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT IN THE CONTROL BOX, OTHER ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS, AND CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THESE COMPONENTS.

The main switch (disconnect) of the monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system shall be de-energized. Lock and tag the main switch in the de-energized position in accordance with ANSI Z244.1.

7. Warning signs and barriers shall be utilized on the floor beneath the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system where overhead maintenance, repair, or inspection work creates a hazardous area on the floor beneath the monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system.

8. If the monorail or crane runway remains energized because other cranes or hoists on the same monorail or runway are in operation, rail stops or a signal person(s), located full-time at a visual vantage point for observing the approach of an active hoist(s) or crane(s), shall be provided to prohibit contact by the active hoist(s) or crane(s) with the idle hoist or crane; with persons performing maintenance, repair, or inspection; and with equipment used in performing the maintenance, repair, or inspection.

9. A guard or barrier shall be installed between adjacent runways for the length of the established work area to prevent contact between persons performing maintenance, repair, or inspection and a crane on the adjacent runway.

10. Safe access to the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system, such as scaffolding, work platforms, etc., shall be provided for personnel that will perform maintenance, repair, or inspection. If personnel are required to work at elevations in excess of 6 feet above floor or ground level, a fall prevention policy and procedure shall be developed, documented, and implemented by the owner/user.

11. After maintenance, repair, or inspection work is completed, and before the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system is returned to normal operation:
   a. Any guards on the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system that were removed to perform maintenance, repair, or inspection work shall be reinstalled.
   b. Any safety devices on the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system that were deactivated to perform maintenance, repair, or inspection work shall be reactivated.
   c. Any parts that were replaced and other loose material shall be removed.
   d. All equipment used in the maintenance, repair, or inspection work shall be removed.

Page 22
MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES

12. Warning signs, barriers, and guards shall be removed only by authorized personnel.

13. Lock and tag on the main switch (disconnect) of the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system shall be removed only by the person that locked and tagged the main switch originally, or an authorized person.

14. If the extent of the maintenance or repair work requires any testing as outlined in the TEST section of this manual; the manual furnished by the hoist manufacturer; the manual furnished by the crane manufacturer; or as required by, as applicable, the provisions of ASME B30.2, ASME B30.11, ASME B30.16, ASME B30.17, or ASME B30.20; such tests shall be conducted before the vacuum lifting device, monorail, hoist, crane, or lifting system is returned to normal operation.
Inspection procedure for vacuum lifting devices in regular service is divided into three general classifications as outlined in ASME B30.20. These three general classifications are based upon the intervals at which inspections should be performed. The intervals are dependent upon the nature of the critical components of the vacuum lifting device, and the degree of their exposure to wear and deterioration. The degree of their exposure is dependent upon vacuum lifting device activity, severity of vacuum lifting device service, and the environment of vacuum lifting device location. These three general classifications of vacuum lifting device inspection are designated as every lift, frequent, and periodic. In addition, daily inspections and a Proof Load Test are required to be performed by the operator at the start of each shift, or at the time the vacuum lifting device is first used during each shift. Refer to the TEST section of this manual for instructions on performing the Proof Load Test.

EVERY LIFT INSPECTION: Items to be inspected by the operator before and/or during every lift, with records not required, include the following:

1. Surface of the load to be lifted for dirt and debris. Clean as required.
2. Seal of vacuum pads for dirt and debris. Clean as required.
3. Seal of vacuum pads for damage. Replace pads having damaged seal rings.
4. Condition and proper operation of controls. Discontinue use if controls do not function properly.
5. Condition and operation of indicators, meters, and pumps where applicable. Discontinue use if indicators and meters do not function properly or if motors and pumps make unusual sounds.

FREQUENT INSPECTION: Frequent inspections are visual inspections and examinations by the operator or other designated personnel with records not required. Nominal inspection intervals are as follows:

Normal service - monthly
Heavy service - weekly to monthly
Severe service - daily to weekly
Special or infrequent service - as recommended by a qualified person before and after each occurrence

PERIODIC INSPECTION: Periodic inspections are visual and audio inspections and examinations, with the vacuum lifting device in place, by designated personnel making records of external conditions to provide the basis for a continuing evaluation of the vacuum lifting device and components. If the external inspection indicates the need, some disassembly may be required to make a more detailed inspection and examination. Nominal inspection intervals are as follows:

Normal service - annually
Heavy service - semiannually
Severe service - quarterly
Special or infrequent service - as recommended by a qualified person before the first occurrence and as directed by the qualified person for any subsequent occurrences

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️

THE INSPECTION INTERVALS LISTED ABOVE ARE NOMINAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. THEY ARE BASED ON SINGLE SHIFT OPERATION UNDER NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND NORMAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS. ACTUAL OPERATING AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS SHOULD BE REVIEWED BY A QUALIFIED PERSON AND INSPECTION INTERVALS ESTABLISHED ON THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE QUALIFIED PERSON.

Definitions of service from ASME B30.20 are as follows:

Normal service involves operation of the vacuum lifting device with randomly distributed loads within the rated load limit, or uniform loads less than 65% of rated load.

Heavy service involves operation of the vacuum lifting device within the rated load limit that exceeds normal service.

Severe service involves operation of the vacuum lifting device in normal service or heavy service with abnormal operating conditions.

A vacuum lifting device that is not in regular service, that has been idle for a period of one month or more, but less than one year, should be inspected in accordance with the requirements for frequent inspection before being placed into service.
A vacuum lifting device that is not in regular service, that has been idle for a period of one year or more, should be inspected in accordance with the requirements for periodic inspection before being placed into service.

Required daily inspection items to be performed by the operator at the start of each shift, or at the time the vacuum lifting device is first used during each shift are shown in Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INSPECTION ITEM</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION OF INSPECTION CHECK POINTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tagged Equipment</td>
<td>Check that vacuum lifting device, hoist or crane is not tagged with an out-of-order sign.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control Devices</td>
<td>Check that all motions agree with control device markings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brakes</td>
<td>Check that all motions do not have excessive drift.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Leakage</td>
<td>Check for any sign of oil leakage on the equipment and on the floor area beneath the equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unusual Sounds</td>
<td>Check for any unusual sounds from the equipment and equipment mechanism while operating the equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning Label</td>
<td>Check that warning label or labels are not missing and that they are legible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROOF LOAD TEST</td>
<td>Conduct PROOF LOAD TEST as outlined in the TEST section is manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum Pad Seals</td>
<td>Check seal rings for dirt, debris, and damage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTICE**

**WARNING**

Recommended items to be checked for deficiencies or damage during frequent and periodic inspections are shown in Table 2. Detailed inspection procedures for some items will be found in specific sections of this manual. These inspections may be performed with the vacuum lifting device in its normal location and do not require that the vacuum lifting device be disassembled. Covers and other items normally supplied to allow inspection of components should be opened or removed for these inspections. Any deficiencies or damage such as those listed in Table 2 shall be examined by a designated person to determine whether they constitute a hazard, or whether any disassembly is necessary for a more detailed examination. The vacuum lifting device operator should make observations during regular operation for any deficiencies or damage that might appear between inspections.
### TABLE 2
FREQUENT AND PERIODIC INSPECTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INSPECTION ITEM</th>
<th>FREQUENCY</th>
<th>DEFICIENCIES OR DAMAGE TO LOOK FOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FREQUENT</td>
<td>PERIODIC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All functional operating mechanisms</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control devices</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Improper operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARNING label(s)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Missing or illegible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control device markings</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Missing or illegible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load carrying portions</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Deformation, cracks, corrosion, or excessive wear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pump</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Noise or insufficient output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum seal rings</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Cuts, tears, excessive wear, and presence of foreign particles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum lines and connections</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Leakage, cuts, kinks, and collapsed areas of hoses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum reservoir</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Leaks and visual damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum system</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Check all components and devices by performing a Proof Load Test as outlined in the TEST section of this manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fastening devices (bolts, nuts, pins, etc.)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Not properly secured (tightened), damaged or missing parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supporting structure</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Deformation, cracks, corrosion, or excessive wear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical apparatus</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Pitting, deterioration, wear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contactors</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Pitting, deterioration, wear, and improper operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiring and fittings</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Loose connections, abraded, cut, or nicked insulation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTICE**

IF VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE IS USED WITH A CRANE, REFER TO THE MANUAL FURNISHED WITH THE CRANE AND APPLICABLE ASME B30 STANDARD TO DETERMINE THE FREQUENT AND PERIODIC INSPECTION ITEMS THAT MUST BE PERFORMED.

IF VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE IS USED WITH A HOIST, REFER TO THE MANUAL FURNISHED WITH THE HOIST AND ASME B30.16 TO DETERMINE THE FREQUENT AND PERIODIC INSPECTION ITEMS THAT MUST BE PERFORMED.
INSPECTION

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️

IF ANY DAMAGE OR MALFUNCTIONS ARE NOTED BY THE FREQUENT OR PERIODIC INSPECTION ITEMS OF TABLE 2, THE VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE SHALL BE TAGGED WITH AN OUT-OF-ORDER SIGN AND SHALL NOT BE RETURNED TO REGULAR OPERATION UNTIL MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE DAMAGE OR DEFICIENCIES FOUND DURING THE INSPECTION HAVE BEEN CORRECTED.

Records of the condition of critical components observed during frequent and periodic inspections should be established. This record should also record replacement, maintenance, and repair information. Use of this recorded information will allow a preventative maintenance program to be established for replacement of wearing components on a regular basis, thereby eliminating or reducing unscheduled downtime situations.

If maintenance, adjustment, replacement of parts, or repair of the vacuum lifting device is required because of any damage or malfunctions noted during the frequent or periodic inspections, refer to the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR section of this manual and other sections of this manual for specific instructions or parts identification. Before performing any maintenance on the vacuum lifting device, refer to the MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES section of this manual. After performing maintenance, adjustment, or replacement of parts or components, refer to the TEST section of this manual.
After installation, it is the responsibility of the owner/user to test the vacuum lifting device in accordance with ASME B30.20. If the vacuum lifting device is used with a crane, it is the responsibility of the owner/user to test the crane in accordance with the applicable ASME B30 standard, and instructions in the manual furnished with the crane. If the vacuum lifting device is used with a hoist, it is the responsibility of the owner/user to test the hoist in accordance with ASME B30.16, and instructions in the manual furnished with the hoist.

In addition to the tests outlined in ASME B30.20, a PROOF LOAD TEST must be conducted daily to verify that the VAC-U-LIFT® unit is operating properly. In effect, the test simulates an equipment failure, either electrical or mechanical, so that performance of the vacuum system can be checked. Instructions for conducting the PROOF LOAD TEST are outlined later in this section.

Testing of vacuum lifting devices after original installation as outlined in ASME B30.20 is required when the vacuum lifting device has been altered, reinstalled, modified, or repaired; has been idle for a period of 12 months or longer; or in accordance with specific testing requirements established by the owner/user. General testing requirements are outlined in ASME B30.20 and should be followed. ASME B30.20 lists two types of tests as follows:

1. Operational test
2. Load Test

---

**NOTICE**

IF VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE IS USED WITH A CRANE, REFER TO THE MANUAL FURNISHED WITH THE CRANE AND APPLICABLE ASME B30 STANDARD TO DETERMINE TEST REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CRANE.

IF VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE IS USED WITH A HOIST, REFER TO THE MANUAL FURNISHED WITH THE HOIST AND ASME B30.16 TO DETERMINE TEST REQUIREMENTS FOR THE HOIST.

---

**OPERATIONAL TEST:**

All new, altered, reinstalled, modified, or repaired vacuum lifting devices, or vacuum lifting devices that have not been used within the preceding 12 months, SHALL be tested by the owner/user before being placed in operational service.

Operational test steps are as follows:

1. Seals and connections shall be tested for leaks by attaching a nonporous clean surface to the vacuum pad or pads and then stopping the vacuum source. Vacuum level shall not decrease by more that 2" Hg in two minutes.
2. All indicator lights, gauges, vacuum level indicators, and other warning devices shall be checked during this test.

---

**NOTICE**

A PROOF LOAD TEST AS OUTLINED LATER IN THIS SECTION CAN BE PERFORMED IN LIEU OF THE ABOVE OPERATIONAL TEST.

---

**LOAD TEST:**

All new, altered, reinstalled, modified, or repaired vacuum lifting devices SHALL be load tested by the owner/user before being placed in operational service.

The load test shall be conducted under the direction of a designated person and a record of the test should be made. The test load applied to the vacuum lifting device shall be not less than 100% of the rated load capacity of the vacuum lifting device, or greater than 125% of the rated load capacity of the vacuum lifting device.

Load test steps are as follows:

1. Attach vacuum pads to the test load.
2. Lift the test load a minimum distance to assure that the test load is supported by the vacuum lifting device.
3. Hold test load suspended for 2 minutes.
TEST

4. Lower and release the test load.
5. Visually inspect the vacuum lifting device.
Upon completion of the operational and load tests, the crane is ready to be released for operating purposes.

PROOF LOAD TEST:

⚠️ CAUTION

A PROOF LOAD TEST MUST BE CONDUCTED DAILY TO VERIFY THAT THE VAC-U-LIFT® UNIT IS OPERATING PROPERLY. IN EFFECT, THE TEST SIMULATES AN EQUIPMENT FAILURE, EITHER ELECTRICAL OR MECHANICAL, SO THAT PERFORMANCE OF THE VACUUM SYSTEM CAN BE CHECKED.

Conduct the PROOF LOAD TEST as follows:

1. Position the vacuum pads over a sheet of non-porous material such as steel or aluminum. On multiple-pad units, adjust the cross arms and vacuum pads to evenly distribute weight of the load on each pad.
2. On multiple-pad lifting devices, each pad is equipped with a hand-operated shut-off valve. BE CERTAIN to open the valves on all pads and BE CERTAIN that all pads will support the load. Lower the vacuum lifting device onto the test load.
3. Put the "ON/OFF" switch on the power pac control panel in the "ON" position. The red indicator light will come on.
4. Turn the "RELEASE/VACUUM" selector switch on the control pendant station to the vacuum position. The motor and pump will start running.
5. At 21° Hg, the red indicator light will go out and the green indicator light will come on. When the green light comes on, the load may be lifted. The motor and pump will continue to run and the vacuum gauge will continue to rise until it reaches 23° Hg or more. Note the reading of the vacuum gauge. It should stabilize at 23° Hg or more.
6. Lift the vacuum lifting device and test load so that the test load is between 1 and 2 inches above its rest position.
7. Simulate a power failure by putting the "ON/OFF" switch on the power pac control panel in the "OFF" position. Observe the reading of the vacuum gauge. If the reading drops more than 2° Hg in 2 minutes or less, the vacuum system has a leak. Lower test load immediately. Refer to the TROUBLE SHOOTING section of this manual for guidance in locating leaks.

⚠️ CAUTION

THE 1100 POWER PAC SHOULD NOT BE STOPPED AND RESTARTED WITH ANY VACUUM ON THE SYSTEM GREATER THAN 2° Hg. ATTEMPTING TO RESTART UNDER VACUUM CONDITION GREATER THAN 2° Hg WILL CAUSE THE MOTOR TO STALL, RESULTING IN EXCESSIVE MOTOR HEATING, EVENTUALLY BLOWING THE FUSE ON THE UNIT OR POTENTIALLY DAMAGING THE PUMP DIAPHRAGM.

⚠️ WARNING

AFTER CONDUCTING THE PROOF TEST, LOWER THE TEST LOAD BY MEANS OF THE HOIST OR CRANE AND TURN SELECTOR SWITCH TO "RELEASE" PRIOR TO RESTARTING POWER PAC.

⚠️ WARNING

DURING PROOF LOAD TEST, ALL PERSONNEL SHOULD BE ALERTED TO THE FACT THAT A FREE-FALL CONDITION OF THE TEST LOAD COULD BE EXPERIENCED. ALL PERSONNEL SHOULD BE POSITIONED AS FAR FROM THE PATH OF THE TEST LOAD AS POSSIBLE.
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

If maintenance, adjustment, replacement of parts, or repair of the vacuum lifting device is required because of any damage or malfunctions noted during the every lift, daily, frequent, or periodic inspections outlined in the INSPECTION section of this manual; because of conditions found during tests or a PROOF LOAD TEST as outlined in the TEST section of this manual; or based upon specific instructions outlined in other sections of this manual; the vacuum lifting device shall be taken out of service, and maintenance performed as required.

⚠️ WARNING

BEFORE PERFORMING ANY MAINTENANCE OR ADJUSTMENTS ON THE VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, REFER TO THE MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES SECTION OF THIS MANUAL.

⚠️ DANGER

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT IN THE CONTROL BOX, OTHER ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS, AND CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THESE COMPONENTS.

THE MAIN SWITCH (DISCONNECT) OF THE VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, HOIST, CRANE, OR LIFTING SYSTEM SHALL BE DE-ENERGIZED. LOCK AND TAG THE MAIN SWITCH IN THE DE-ENERGIZED POSITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI Z244.1.

Follow the instructions outlined in this and other sections of this manual for specific components or portions of the vacuum lifting device where maintenance or adjustment is required. Refer to the parts identification pages for the specific portion of the vacuum lifting device where maintenance or adjustment is being performed and to identify any part numbers requiring replacement.

If any instructions are not clear; or if any additional information is required in reference to adjustment, maintenance, or identification of parts; contact Acco Chain & Lifting Products or the distributor of the vacuum lifting device.

Vacuum lifter components, vacuum system connections, and electrical wiring connections are all located inside a split control enclosure. The two parts of the split control enclosure are retained together with the bail (lifting eye) and several sheet-metal screws. The wraparound part of the enclosure has one side hinged. To open the hinged side, manually open the latch and swing the hinged part of the control enclosure. To remove the wraparound part of the enclosure, open latch and pull fas-pin connection from bail (lifting eye); then remove sheet-metal screws that connect wraparound part of the enclosure to the base plate and front panel. Refer to Figure 8.

![Figure 8](image-url)
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE
Performing planned periodic maintenance procedures will help prolong the life of a vacuum lifter and maintain maximum operating efficiency. The schedule outlined below should be followed.

EVERY LIFT
- Perform every lift inspection as outlined in the INSPECTION section of this manual.

DAILY
- Perform PROOF LOAD TEST as outlined in the TEST section of this manual.

WEEKLY
- Clean vacuum filter.
- Check seal rings, hoses, and fittings.
- Check hoses for cuts and kinks; hoses should be firm; replace any hoses that are collapsed.
- Check for loose bolts, nuts, and other retaining devices. Tighten as required.
- Inspect and check for structural damage.

QUARTERLY
- Clean vacuum pump filter.

CLEANING VACUUM PUMP FILTER AND FILTER/MUFFLER
The vacuum pump filter and filter/muffler are located in the pump body beneath the top plate and gasket. To clean the vacuum pump filter and filter/muffler, remove the screws from the top of the pump, and remove top plate and cover. Remove filter and filter/muffler and wash in a solution of mild soap and water or blow off with compressed air. Replace filter and filter/muffler in proper position and replace gasket, cover, and screws.

NOTICE

GASKET AND TOP COVER WILL ONLY FIT IN ONE POSITION.

CLEANING FILTER
It is important to keep the filter clean and in good operating condition to prevent dirt, moisture, and oil vapor from entering the pump chamber. The filter should be cleaned weekly.

The condition of the filter can be checked by starting the vacuum pump and placing the vacuum control switches in the “VACUUM” position without material attached to the vacuum pads. The vacuum gauge should read less than 5” Hg. If the reading is higher, the filter element should be cleaned or replaced.

The element in the filter may be cleaned by washing in methanol alcohol and blowing dry with compressed air. The filter bowl should be washed in mild soap and water.

VACUUM PUMP
Regular inspection of the vacuum pump can prevent unnecessary downtime and repairs. The internal intake and exhaust filters require periodic inspection and replacement. Initial inspection is recommended after 500 hours operation or three months, whichever occurs first. Periodic inspections should then be conducted after every 500 hours of operation or every three months, whichever occurs first.

The vacuum pump diaphragm is made of rubber. The diaphragm is located under the head of the pump. Remove four socket head cap screws from the head of the pump. Diaphragm is held in place by two Phillips head screws. Remove screws, retainer plate, and diaphragm. The new diaphragm will fit in any position on the connecting rod. Replace the retainer plate and screws. Replace the pump head and tighten the four socket head cap screws to 30 lb.in. torque. Do not attempt to replace the connecting rod or motor bearings. If after cleaning the unit and/or installing new service kit parts, the unit does not operate properly, contact Acco Chain & Lifting products or the distributor of the lifter.
ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

⚠️ DANGER ⚠️

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES PRESENT.
DISCONNECT POWER AND LOCKOUT DISCONNECTING MEANS BEFORE INSPECTING OR SERVICING.

Only qualified electricians should inspect, service, repair, or replace electrical components.

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION:

Electrical components should be inspected every three months, and during scheduled frequent and periodic inspections, as follows:

1. Follow the procedures and instructions listed in the MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES section of this manual.

2. Components to examine:
   a. Control devices.
   b. Wiring and connections.
   c. Vacuum indicator lights.

3. Damage to look for:
   a. Pitting.
   b. Corrosion.
   c. Broken parts.
   d. Damage and deterioration of any kind.
   e. Damaged or frayed wire.
   F. Loose terminal connections.

4. Corrective action required:
   a. Tighten any loose connections.
   b. Replace any damaged or frayed wires.
   c. Replace any pitted, burned, or corroded contacts. Replace contacts in sets only. NEVER attempt to smooth contacts by filing or other means.
   d. Replace damaged components.
   e. Replace burned out lamps in indicator lights.

⚠️ NOTICE ⚠️

WHENEVER ANY CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE TO THE LIFTING SYSTEM, DO NOT OPERATE VACUUM LIFTING DEVICE, CRANE, OR HOIST UNTIL ALL SAFETY DEVICES HAVE BEEN RECHECKED IN THE SAME MANNER AS DURING ORIGINAL INSTALLATION. REFER TO INSTALLATION SECTION OF THIS MANUAL.
TROUBLESHOOTING

Troubleshooting is always easier with a good understanding of how the equipment is intended to operate. A review of VAC-U-LIFT® operating principles can be found in the EQUIPMENT/OPERATING PRINCIPLES section of this manual. Piping and wiring diagrams are shown in Figures 4, and 5, in the EQUIPMENT/OPERATING PRINCIPLES section of this manual.

TESTING FOR LEAKS

A PROOF LOAD TEST is to be conducted daily. Refer to the TEST section of this manual for instructions on conducting a PROOF LOAD TEST. If the vacuum lifter fails the PROOF LOAD TEST, there is a leak somewhere in the vacuum system. The location of the leak can most readily be determined by a process of elimination. Check the power pac unit first. If it checks good, other sections or components of the vacuum system are connected, one at a time, until the leak is found.

Disconnect the vacuum hose that connects the power pac to the load beam, or the vacuum pad in a single-pad unit. Perform the power-off vacuum test in the same manner as outlined in the PROOF LOAD TEST. Put the “ON/OFF” switch on the power pac control panel in the “ON” position, and “RELEASE/VACUUM” selector switch on the control pendant station in the “VACUUM” position. Allow the gauge reading to reach 25” Hg. Put the “ON/OFF” switch on the power pac control panel in the “OFF” position and observe the gauge. If the reading drops more than 1” Hg. In two minutes, the leak is located in the power pac unit. If not, a leak is in the piping to the vacuum pads or the vacuum pads.

Reconnect the vacuum hose that connects the power pac to the load beam, or the vacuum pad in a single-pad unit. Disconnect the hose leading to one end of the assembly and plug the open end. Repeat the power-off vacuum test. If leakage is indicated, the leak is in the end of the load beam assembly tested. If not, a leak is in one of the pads or cross arms of the end that has been disconnected. Continue the process of elimination until the source of the leak is determined. The following components should be checked as possible sources of vacuum leaks:

- Seal rings - Check for cracks, cuts, or other damage.
- Vacuum hoses - Check for breaks, cuts, or pinch points.
- Vacuum pads - Check for cracks and loose bolts.

TRACING POWER PAC UNIT VACUUM LEAKS

If the tests have shown that leakage is occurring within the power pac unit, the process of elimination may be used to trace the problem to its source. As before, a power-off test is performed as each portion of the vacuum system is disconnected. Refer to the parts identification pages of this manual. The filter and check valve should be checked as possible sources of vacuum leaks. All threaded connections should be drawn up tight using pipe dope.

NOTICE

CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT PIPE DOE AND OTHER FOREIGN MATERIALS FROM ENTERING THE VACUUM SYSTEM.

If vacuum lifter operates erratically, or not at all, the vacuum lifter should be taken out of service. Any problem should be diagnosed and corrected before the vacuum lifter is returned to regular service. Refer to Table 3 for some problem areas to consider and investigate.

DANGER

DISCONNECT POWER AND LOCKOUT DISCONNECTING MEANS BEFORE PERFORMING SERVICE TO ELECTRICAL PARTS OF THIS EQUIPMENT.

Only a qualified electrician should perform service to electrical parts of this equipment.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>POSSIBLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CORRECTIVE ACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Motor will not run.</td>
<td>Power failure in power lines.</td>
<td>Check circuit breakers, switches, and connections in power lines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low voltage or frequency.</td>
<td>Check voltage and frequency, or power supply. They must agree with data on nameplate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blown fuse.</td>
<td>Check and replace, if required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged “ON/OFF” switch.</td>
<td>Check and replace, if required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improper, loose, or broken wire connections.</td>
<td>Check connections and lead wires.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Motor damaged.</td>
<td>Check connections in control devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pump will not run.</td>
<td>Damaged pump.</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vacuum in system.</td>
<td>Release vacuum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bearing worn or frozen.</td>
<td>Replace pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Extreme low temperature.</td>
<td>Bring unit to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pump runs hot.</td>
<td>Damaged pump.</td>
<td>Replace pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Foreign material blocking cooling fan on pump.</td>
<td>Clear material away from fan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low voltage.</td>
<td>Check voltage and frequency, or power supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No vacuum reading or low vacuum reading on vacuum gauge</td>
<td>Improper vacuum pad seal.</td>
<td>Inspect and replace pads as required. Check for leaks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged vacuum pad or seal rings.</td>
<td>Inspect and replace pads as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged gauge.</td>
<td>Inspect and replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose or damaged hoses or fittings.</td>
<td>Inspect, repair, or replace as required. Check for leaks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged vacuum lines. Clogged or damaged gauge line.</td>
<td>Inspect, clean, repair, or replace as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Porous material being lifted.</td>
<td>Check unit using non-porous material.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged pump.</td>
<td>Repair or replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red lamp will not light.</td>
<td>Burned out bulb.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blown fuse.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose, or broken wire connections.</td>
<td>Check connections. Tighten or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged vacuum switch.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vacuum switch out of adjustment.</td>
<td>Check and adjust, if required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROBLEM</td>
<td>POSSIBLE CAUSE</td>
<td>CORRECTIVE ACTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green lamp will not light.</td>
<td>Burned out bulb.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blown fuse.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose, or broken wire connections.</td>
<td>Check connections. Tighten or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged vacuum switch.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vacuum switch out of adjustment.</td>
<td>Check an adjust, if required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unit remains in vacuum “RELEASE” cycle.</td>
<td>Refer to problem item: Unit remains in vacuum “RELEASE” cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No vacuum reading or low vacuum reading on vacuum gauge.</td>
<td>Refer to problem: No vacuum reading or low vacuum reading on vacuum gauge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit remains in “VACUUM” cycle.</td>
<td>Blown fuse.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose, or broken wire connections.</td>
<td>Check connections. Tighten or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged 2-way control valve.</td>
<td>Check, clean, or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged pendant control selector switch or push button.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit remains in vacuum “RELEASE” cycle.</td>
<td>Blown fuse.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose, or broken wire connections.</td>
<td>Check connections. Tighten or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged 2-way control valve, or 2-way valve hanging up.</td>
<td>Check, clean, or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged pendant control selector switch or push button.</td>
<td>Check and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive vacuum loss during PROOF LOAD TEST.</td>
<td>Vacuum system leaks.</td>
<td>Refer to LOAD PROOF TEST in TEST section of this manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noisy vacuum pump.</td>
<td>Pump motor bearings worn.</td>
<td>Replace pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pump diaphragm worn.</td>
<td>Replace pump diaphragm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pump is cold.</td>
<td>Bring to room temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit blows fuses.</td>
<td>Low voltage or frequency.</td>
<td>Check voltage and frequency, or power supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short in electrical circuit.</td>
<td>Check and repair, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vacuum pump freezing up.</td>
<td>Check for vacuum level during restart. Vacuum reading must be zero.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged filter or muffler.</td>
<td>Inspect, clean, or replace as required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### TABLE 3 (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>POSSIBLE CAUSE</th>
<th>CORRECTIVE ACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excessive attach or release time.</td>
<td>Clogged filter or muffler.</td>
<td>Check, clean, or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clogged or damaged check valve.</td>
<td>Check, clean or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damaged 2-way control valve.</td>
<td>Check, clean, or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Worn vacuum pump.</td>
<td>Replace diaphragm or pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive attach time.</td>
<td>Damaged vacuum pad or seal rings.</td>
<td>Inspect and replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Porous material being lifted.</td>
<td>Check unit using non-porous material.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive release time.</td>
<td>Damaged or clogged 2-way control valve.</td>
<td>Check, clean or replace, as required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### POWER PAC EXTERNAL PARTS

**SERIES 1100**

![Diagram of Power Pac External Parts Series 1100]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>66723-01</td>
<td>Control Pendant</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>PA7501</td>
<td>Fast Pin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>69700</td>
<td>Label, Warning</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>69505-01</td>
<td>Label, Danger Electrical</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>28393</td>
<td>Quick Disconnect Socket</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>28394</td>
<td>Quick Disconnect Plug</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>22895</td>
<td>Toggle Switch</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>PA7505</td>
<td>Light Bulb</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>PA7506</td>
<td>Red Lens</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>28609</td>
<td>Vacuum Gauge</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>70404</td>
<td>Enclosure Assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### POWER PAC ASSEMBLY EXTERNAL PARTS, SERIES 1100

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>90319</td>
<td>Portable Cord 14-3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>23841</td>
<td>Male Disconnect</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>23842</td>
<td>Female Disconnect</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>PA7507</td>
<td>Green Lens</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>22367</td>
<td>Cord Grip</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>70405</td>
<td>Base Assembly (Internal Parts)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>22498</td>
<td>Fuse Mount</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>22502</td>
<td>Fuse 10 Amp.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>29199</td>
<td>Vacuum Hose 3/8” I.D.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>28484</td>
<td>Fast Pin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>70465</td>
<td>Label, Warning</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

▲ Recommended Spare Parts
PARTS LIST - POWER PAC INTERNAL PARTS

POWER PAC INTERNAL PARTS
SERIES 1100

POWER PAC ASSEMBLY INTERNAL PARTS, SERIES 1100

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PA7494</td>
<td>Vacuum Pump</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>22883</td>
<td>Vacuum Switch</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>29011</td>
<td>Street Tee</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PA7496</td>
<td>Control Valve</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>21135</td>
<td>Street Elbow</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>PA7420</td>
<td>Nipple</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>26908</td>
<td>Hose Stem</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>PA7419</td>
<td>Filter</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>26916</td>
<td>Hose Stem</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>29199</td>
<td>Vacuum Hose</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 ▲</td>
<td>PA7425</td>
<td>Check Valve</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>22461</td>
<td>Anchor Coupling</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>26679</td>
<td>Nipple</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>70335</td>
<td>Base Weldment</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>29198</td>
<td>Vacuum Hose</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>70402</td>
<td>Tank Assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>28271</td>
<td>Coupling</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>21036</td>
<td>Pipe Reducer</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>17-4C</td>
<td>Lockwasher</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>22-4C</td>
<td>Hex Nut</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>4-010R14</td>
<td>Round Head Screw</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>15-4-2C</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

▲ Recommended Spare Parts
PARTS LIST – VACUUM PUMP

VACUUM PUMP
SERIES 1100

COMPLETE MOTOR AND PUMP ASSEMBLY - Part No. PA7494
VACUUM PUMP PARTS, SERIES 1100

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Head Gasket</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Filter/Muffler Element</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Filter Element</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Valve Screw</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Valve Limiter</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Leaf Valve</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Valve Retainer</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Retainer Plate</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>PA7565</td>
<td>Diaphragm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>PA7566</td>
<td>Service Kit</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

▲ Recommended Spare Parts

NOTE: (a) Included in Service Kit, Part No. PA7566.

PARTS LIST – CONTROL VALVE

CONTROL VALVE
SERIES 1100

COMPLETE CONTROL VALVE ASSEMBLY - Part No. PA7496
CONTROL VALVE PARTS, SERIES 1100

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PA7508</td>
<td>Coil</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

▲ Recommended Spare Parts

NOTE: Only coil is available as a spare part.

PARTS LIST – FILTER

FILTER
SERIES 1100

COMPLETE FILTER ASSEMBLY - Part No. PA7419
FILTER PARTS, SERIES 1100

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PA7419</td>
<td>Complete Filter Assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>PA7427</td>
<td>Bowl Assembly</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>PA7428</td>
<td>Repair Kit</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

▲ Recommended Spare Parts
GENERAL CONDITIONS OF WARRANTY

WARRANTIES: The Seller warrants to the original using Buyer thereof that the goods sold under this Agreement are free from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of shipment to the original using Buyer. No other express warranties are given and no affirmation of Seller or Seller’s agents, by word or action, shall constitute a warranty. No warranty is made for components and accessories made by others when such items are warranted by their respective manufacturers.

Installation or operation of the equipment in any manner other than as recommended by Seller, shall void the warranty.

Any variations in details between the goods furnished herein and those covered in Buyer’s specifications are due to standards of manufacture not to be construed as exceptions to the specifications.

DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES:

(a) SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY IN RESPECT TO THE GOODS SOLD UNDER THIS AGREEMENT.

(b) This sale is made WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY BY SELLER THAT THE GOODS ARE SUITABLE FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

(c) Buyer hereby waives all other warranties, guarantees, obligations, liabilities, rights, and remedies arising by law or otherwise including any obligation or liability of the Seller arising from tort, and Buyer shall indemnify Seller from any liability, loss, damage, or claim arising from Buyer’s tortious use of the goods sold hereby.

REMEDIES:

(a) Under no conditions shall any goods be returned to Seller without its prior written consent.

(b) The Buyer’s sole and exclusive remedy for breach of any warranty is limited to Seller furnishing, at its expense, duplicate or repaired parts F.O.B. Seller’s plant with installation at Buyer’s expense if discovery of a claimed defect occurs during the allowable warranty period, and if Seller’s inspection determines a defect exists.

(c) The quantity of material shown by invoice shall in all cases govern settlement for shortages, unless notice of shortage, appropriately documented, is given to the carrier and the Seller upon delivery by the Carrier.

(d) Claims for errors, deficiencies or imperfections shall be deemed waived by the Buyer unless Seller is notified in writing of the basis of such claims within 10 days after discovery of claimed defect and such discovery occurs within the warranted period.

(e) Neither Buyer nor User shall be entitled under this Agreement to recover from Seller any incidental or consequential damages of any nature including but not limited to the cost of any labor expended by others in connection with the goods sold hereby by reason of any alleged nonconformity or breach of warranty on the part of the Seller, nor costs of material or account thereof, nor any lost profits whether determinable or speculative.